



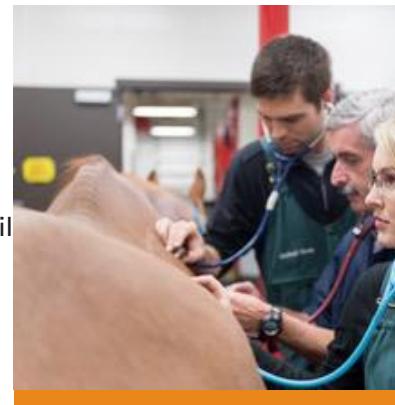
International Council for  
Veterinary  
Assessment



# NAVLE® Species and Diagnoses



The NAVLE is developed through a collaboration of the International Council for Veterinary Assessment and the National Board of Medical Examiners®



*This NAVLE Species and Diagnoses document provides an outline of the species and diagnoses assessed on the NAVLE.*

*The examples listed within the outline are just examples. Test items may include diseases, symptoms, etc. that are not specifically noted in the outline. The NAVLE program continually reviews its examination to ensure the content is relevant to the practice of veterinary medicine. As practice guidelines evolve or are introduced, the content on NAVLE is reviewed and modified as needed.*

## **NAVLE Diagnoses by Species**

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# Aquatics Diagnoses

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## Multisystemic

- Ammonia management (unionized vs ionized)
- Anemia
- Anesthesia (including MS-222)
- Bacterial infection (including *Aeromonas hydrophila*, *Columnaris*, Mycobacteriosis, Vibriosis, Streptococcosis, and *Francisella*)
- Chlorine/chloramine toxicity
- Copper toxicity
- Dissolved oxygen management
- Gas supersaturation
- Hyposalinity/Hypersalinity
- Lymphocystis
- Neoplasia (including fibrosarcoma in goldfish)
- Nitrate toxicity
- Nitrite toxicity (new tank syndrome)
- Parasites, internal/external (including Monogenea, Argulus, and Laernea)
- pH management
- Protozoal disease (including *Ichthyophthirius* and *Cryptocaryon*)
- Swim bladder syndrome
- Temperature management
- Trauma
- True fungal infection (including *Aspergillus*)
- Types of filtration (biofilter, chemical, etc)
- Viral infection (including spring viremia of carp and Koi herpes virus)
- Water mold infection (including *Saprolegnia*)
- Zinc toxicity

# Bovine Diagnoses

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## **Cardiovascular**

- Arrhythmias (atrial fibrillation)
- Congestive heart failure (pericarditis, endocarditis, bovine high mountain disease, cor pulmonale)

## **Gastrointestinal/Digestive**

- Abomasal disease (displacement, ulcers, volvulus)
- Bloat/Choke
- Calf enteritis (rotavirus, coronavirus, Escherichia coli, Salmonellosis, Clostridiosis, Coccidiosis, Cryptosporidiosis)
- Cecal disorders
- Hemorrhagic bowel syndrome
- Liver abscesses
- Paratuberculosis (*Mycobacterium paratuberculosis*)
- Rectal prolapse
- Rectal tear
- Salmonellosis
- Traumatic reticuloperitonitis (hardware disease)
- Winter dysentery

## **Hemic/Lymphatic**

- Anaplasmosis
- Babesiosis
- Lymphoma (leukosis, bovine leukemia virus)
- Trypanosomiasis

## **Integumentary**

- Digital dermatitis (hairy heel warts)
- Parasites, external
- Trauma/skin wounds

## **Musculoskeletal**

- Actinomycosis
- Fracture
- Lameness (including hoof and claw disorders, digital dermatitis, footrot, osteoarthritis, stifle injuries, and interdigital fibroma)
- Myopathy (white muscle disease)
- Osteoarthritis
- Umbilical hernia

## **Nervous**

- Listeriosis
- Peripheral nerve paralysis
- Polioencephalomalacia
- Rabies suspect
- Tetanus
- Thromboembolic meningoencephalitis
- Traumatic nervous system injuries

## **Respiratory**

- Bovine interstitial pneumonia/Acute bovine pulmonary emphysema and edema

- Bovine respiratory disease complex (Mannheimia, Pasteurella, IBR, BRSV, PI3, Actinobacillus, Mycoplasma, Haemophilus)
- Calf pneumonia (including aspiration)
- Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia (Mycoplasma)
- Sinusitis secondary to dehorning
- Tuberculosis
- Vena caval thrombosis secondary to pneumonia

### **Special Senses**

- Moraxella bovis (pink eye)
- Skin diseases (squamous cell carcinoma/cancer of the eye, dermatophytosis, papillomatosis, Corynebacterium, dermatophilosis)

### **Urinary**

- Ethylene glycol toxicity
- Pyelonephritis (*Corynebacterium renale*)
- Urolithiasis

### **Reproductive**

- Abortion, embryo loss (including leptospirosis and neosporosis)
- Anestrus (including estrus detection failure and estrus synchronization)
- Chlamydiosis
- Dystocia
- Infertility, female (including pregnancy diagnosis, follicular degeneration, and freemartinism)
- Infertility, male (including breeding soundness examination and preputial disease)
- Lactation failure
- Mastitis (including endotoxemia)
- Omphalophlebitis
- Periparturient hypocalcemia (milk fever, subclinical hypocalcemia)
- Retained placenta and metritis-pyometra complex
- Teat injury
- Tritrichomoniasis/Campylobacteriosis
- Uterine prolapse
- Vaginal prolapse

### **Behavior**

- Aggression (clinical sign)

### **Multisystemic**

- Acetonemia/Ketosis
- Ammoniated feed toxicosis
- Anthrax
- Brucellosis
- Bovine viral diarrhea (BVD), mucosal disease
- Clostridial diseases
- Fat cow syndrome and subclinical fatty liver
- Foreign animal diseases (rinderpest, foot and mouth disease, bovine spongiform encephalopathy)
- *Histophilus somni* (*Haemophilus somnus*) complex
- Hypomagnesemic tetany

- Parasites, internal, multisystemic (including helminths and flukes)
- I onophore/monensin/lasalocid toxicosis
- Lactic acidosis (acute and subacute)
- Laminitis
- Lead toxicosis
- Leptospirosis
- Malnutrition
- Mycotoxicosis
- Neonatal septicemia/Failure of passive transfer
- Plant toxicoses
- Postparturient paresis
- Retropharyngeal abscesses
- Salt toxicity
- Toxemia of pregnancy
- Vesicular stomatitis
- Vitamin and mineral deficiencies

# **Camelidae and Cervidae Diagnoses**

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## **Cardiovascular**

- Congenital malformations (including ventricular septal defect)
- Patent ductus arteriosus
- Pericarditis and epicarditis

## **Gastrointestinal/Digestive**

- Artesia ani
- Coccidiosis
- Colic (including C1 impaction, C3 ulcers, and phytobezoars)
- Dental problems (including tooth root abscess, canine overgrowth, and uneven wear of arcades)
- Enteritis (rotavirus, coccidiosis, coronavirus, Escherichia coli, Salmonella, Cryptosporidium, Giardia, bovine viral diarrhea virus)
- Enterotoxemia
- Grain engorgement
- Hepatic lipidosis
- Idiopathic hyperkeratosis
- Megaesophagus
- Necrotic stomatitis
- Parasites, internal, gastrointestinal
- Paratuberculosis

## **Hemic/Lymphatic**

- Caseous lymphadenitis
- Juvenile llama immunodeficiency syndrome
- Lymphoma
- Mycoplasma haemolamae

## **Integumentary**

- Copper deficiency
- Dermatophilus
- Foot mites (*Chorioptes*)
- Fungal diseases
- Hyperkeratosis
- Papillomatosis
- Parasites, external (including ear mites, lice, ticks)
- Streptococcal dermatitis
- Sunburn
- Ulcerative pododermatitis

## **Musculoskeletal**

- Angular limb deformities
- Arthritis
- Capture myopathy
- Claw defects
- Congenital defects
- Fractures
- Hypovitaminosis D
- Lacerations

- Lameness
- Selenium-responsive myopathy

### **Nervous**

- Central nervous system trauma
- Chronic wasting disease
- Cranial abscessation syndrome
- Eastern equine encephalomyelitis
- Endophyte toxicity
- Equine herpesvirus 1, meningoencephalitis, optic neuritis and retinitis
- Listeriosis
- Polioencephalomalacia
- Rabies suspect
- Rye grass staggers
- Tetanus
- West Nile encephalomyelitis

### **Respiratory**

- Allergic response
- Bacterial pneumonia
- Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
- Congenital defects (including choanal atresia and wry face)

### **Reproductive**

- Abortion
- Congenital defects (including hermaphrodite and uterine defects)
- Dystocia
- Infertility
- Omphalophlebitis
- Uterine torsion
- Vaginal defects (including atresia vulvi)

### **Behavior**

- Berserk male syndrome
- Breeding behavior
- Social status
- Spitting

### **Multisystemic**

- Bluetongue virus
- Bovine viral diarrheal virus
- Brucellosis
- Failure of passive transfer
- Foot and mouth disease
- Geriatric diseases
- Heat stress
- Ketosis
- Malnutrition
- Neonatal septicemia
- Parasites, internal, multisystemic (including liver flukes)
- Poisonous plants
- Salt poisoning
- Tuberculosis

- Vesicular stomatitis

# Canine Diagnoses

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## **Cardiovascular**

- Cardiac arrhythmia
- Cardiomyopathies
- Cardiopulmonary arrest
- Congenital heart abnormalities
- Congestive heart failure
- Heartworm disease
- Hypertension
- Pericardial disease
- Valvular heart disease

## **Endocrine**

- Diabetes mellitus
- Diabetic ketoacidosis
- Hyperadrenocorticism
- Hypoadrenocorticism
- Hypothyroidism

## **Gastrointestinal/Digestive**

- Biliary disease (including biliary mucocele)
- Canine parvovirus
- Constipation
- Coronavirus
- Dental disease (extractions, malocclusion, retained deciduous teeth, etc.)
- Dietary indiscretion
- Esophageal foreign body
- Esophagitis
- Exocrine pancreatic insufficiency
- Exocrine pancreatic tumor
- Gastric dilatation/volvulus
- Gastric tumors
- Gastrointestinal foreign body
- Gastrointestinal ulceration
- Hemorrhagic gastroenteritis
- Hepatic cirrhosis
- Hepatitis
- Infectious bowel disease (Salmonella, Cryptosporidium, Campylobacter)
- Inflammatory bowel disease
- Intussusception
- Pancreatitis
- Parasites, internal, gastrointestinal
- Periodontal disease/gingivitis
- Portosystemic shunt/hepatic encephalopathy
- Salivary mucocele

## **Hemic/Lymphatic**

- Anemia (general)
- Canine juvenile cellulitis
- Coagulopathy
- Hemangiosarcoma
- Immune-mediated disease (hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, etc.)
- Immunodeficiency
- Lymphadenopathy
- Lymphoma/leukemia
- Mast cell tumor
- Systemic lupus erythematosus

### **Integumentary**

- Abscesses
- Acral lick granuloma
- Allergic dermatitis
- Anal sac disease
- Aural hematoma
- Bite wounds
- Burns
- Decubitus ulcers
- Delayed wound healing
- Dermatophytosis
- Diseases of claws (including toenail avulsion)
- Diseases of pads
- Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA)
- Otitis externa/media
- Parasites, external
- Porcupine quill injury
- Pyoderma
- Seborrhea
- Skin laceration (such as from acute trauma)
- Skin tumors
- Squamous cell carcinoma

### **Musculoskeletal**

- Degenerative joint diseases
- Developmental bone disorders/Panosteitis/Hypertrophic osteodystrophy
- Fracture management
- Hernias
- Hip dysplasia
- Hip luxation
- Immune-mediated joint diseases
- Luxating patella
- Masticatory muscle myositis
- Osteomyelitis
- Osteosarcoma
- Panosteitis
- Ruptured anterior cruciate ligament

**Nervous**

- Cauda equina syndrome
- Cognitive dysfunction
- Degenerative myelopathy
- Fibrocartilaginous emboli
- Granulomatous meningoencephalitis
- Intervertebral disc disease
- Meningitis
- Myasthenia gravis
- Neoplasia
- Rabies suspect
- Seizure disorders
- Tick paralysis
- Vestibular diseases

**Respiratory**

- Brachycephalic airway syndrome
- Bronchitis
- Canine infectious respiratory disease complex
- Collapsing trachea
- Laryngeal paralysis
- Nasal disease
- Nasal tumors
- Parasites, internal, respiratory
- Pleuritis
- Pneumonia
- Pneumothorax
- Pulmonary neoplasia
- Reverse sneezing

**Special Senses**

- Cataracts
- Cherry eye
- Conjunctivitis
- Corneal diseases
- Deafness
- Eyelid disorders (including eyelid tumors)
- Glaucoma
- Keratoconjunctivitis sicca
- Otitis interna
- Retinal diseases
- Uveitis

**Urinary**

- Bladder tumors
- Chronic kidney disease
- Cystitis
- Glomerulonephritis/amyloidosis
- Leptospirosis
- Pyelonephritis
- Urethral obstruction

- Urinary incontinence
- Urolithiasis

### **Reproductive**

- Cryptorchidism
- Dystocia
- Mammary gland tumors
- Mastitis
- Neonatal care
- Ovarian remnant syndrome
- Prostatic abscess/Prostatitis
- Pseudopregnancy
- Pyometra/Metritis
- Retained placenta
- Testicular tumors
- Transmissible venereal tumors (TVTs)
- Vaginitis

### **Behavior**

- Aggression
- Anxiety disorders (including phobias)
- Compulsive disorders
- Destructive behaviors
- Inappropriate elimination

### **Multisystemic**

- Blastomycosis
- Canine distemper
- Disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC)
- Edema, subcutaneous
- Electric shock
- Ethylene glycol toxicity
- Gunshot
- Heat prostration
- Herpesvirus
- Insecticide toxicity
- Lead poisoning
- Malnutrition
- Obesity
- Plant awns
- Rodenticide toxicity
- Sepsis
- Shock
- Snake bite
- Tick-borne diseases
- Toxic plant ingestion
- Vehicular trauma

# Equine Diagnoses

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## **Cardiovascular**

- Aortic rupture
- Cardiac arrhythmia
- Ionophore toxicity
- Peripheral vascular disease
- Valvular disease

## **Endocrine**

- Hypothyroidism
- Pituitary pars intermedia dysfunction (PPID)

## **Gastrointestinal/Digestive**

- Acute colitis/diarrhea (Salmonella, Clostridium)
- Chronic diarrhea/Granulomatous enteritis
- Colic, medical/surgical (including impaction, large intestinal volvulus, and nephrosplenic entrapment)
- Coronavirus enteritis
- Dentistry (normal and abnormal, malocclusions, equine odontoclastic tooth resorption and hypercementosis [EOTRH])
- Duodenitis/proximal jejunitis
- Enteroliths
- Esophageal obstruction/trauma
- Gastric ulceration
- Hepatic disease/Biliary disorders (Including idiopathic acute hepatic disease and hepatic encephalopathy)
- Parasites, internal, gastrointestinal
- Potomac horse fever (*Neorickettsia risticii*)
- Proliferative enteropathy (*Lawsonia intracellularis*)
- Rectal prolapse
- Rectal tear
- Rotavirus

## **Hemic/Lymphatic**

- Acute blood loss
- Anaplasmosis (*Anaplasma phagocytophilum*)
- Epizootic lymphangitis (*Histoplasma farciminosum*)
- Equine infectious anemia
- Equine viral arteritis
- Failure of passive transfer
- Immune deficiency syndromes
- Lymphoma
- Neonatal isoerythrolysis
- Pigeon fever (*Corynebacterium pseudotuberculosis*)
- Piroplasmosis
- Purpura hemorrhagica
- Strangles (*Streptococcus zooepidemicus* var. *equi*)

- Ulcerative lymphangitis

### **Integumentary**

- Allergies/immune hypersensitivity reactions
- Aural plaques
- Cutaneous habronemiasis
- Dermatitis
- Dermatophilosis (*Dermatophilus congolensis*)
- Dermatophytosis
- Laceration repair
- Melanoma
- Parasites, external
- Photosensitization
- Sarcoids
- Squamous cell carcinoma

### **Musculoskeletal**

- Angular limb deformities
- Arthritis, septic and nonseptic
- Bowed tendon/Tendinitis/Desmitis
- Bucked shins
- Developmental orthopedic disease (osteochondrosis, physitis, subchondral bone cysts)
- Disruption of the suspensory ligament
- Exertional rhabdomyolysis
- Fistulous withers
- Flexural deformities
- Fractures
- Hernias
- Hoof imbalance
- Hyperkalemic periodic paralysis (HYPP)
- Joint luxations
- Lameness
- Laminitis
- Myositis/Myopathy
- Navicular disease/Palmar digital pain
- Nonseptic synovitis/bursitis
- Septic tenosynovitis
- Subsolar abscess
- Temporohyoid osteopathy
- Tendon/ligament rupture
- Thrush

### **Nervous**

- Botulism
- Cauda equina syndrome
- Central nervous system trauma
- Cervical vertebral malformation
- Degenerative myeloencephalopathy
- Equine encephalomyelitis (Eastern/Western/Venezuelan)
- Equine motor neuron disease
- Equine protozoal myeloencephalitis (*Sarcocystis neurona* and *Neospora hughesi*)

- Narcolepsy/Cataplexy
- Neonatal maladjustment syndrome (hypoxic ischemic encephalopathy)
- Peripheral neuropathy (facial and radial)
- Rabies suspect
- Seizures
- Tetanus
- Vestibular disease
- West Nile viral encephalomyelitis

### **Respiratory**

- African horse sickness
- Displacement of the soft palate
- Equine herpesvirus 1, 4, and 5
- Equine influenza
- Equine rhinitis virus
- Ethmoid hematoma
- Exercise-induced pulmonary hemorrhage
- Glanders (*Burkholderia mallei*)
- Guttural pouch diseases (empyema, mycosis, tympanitis)
- Laryngeal hemiplegia
- Pharyngitis
- Pleuropneumonia
- Pneumothorax (including rib fractures in foals)
- Recurrent airway obstruction
- Rhodococcus equi pneumonia in foals
- Sinusitis

### **Special Senses**

- Cataracts
- Corneal ulcer
- Entropion
- Glaucoma (secondary to uveitis)
- Nasolacrimal duct obstruction/Dacryocystitis
- Night blindness
- Ocular trauma
- Uveitis

### **Urinary**

- Renal failure (acute and chronic)
- Ruptured bladder in neonate
- Urinary tract disease
- Urogenital injuries
- Urolithiasis

### **Reproductive**

- Abortion (equine herpesvirus 1, equine viral arteritis, leptospirosis, etc)
- Agalactia
- Disorders of the cervix
- Dystocia (including uterine torsion)
- Genital abnormalities of the stallion (including cryptorchidism)
- Infertility, mare or stallion
- Mastitis

- Metritis
- Omphalophlebitis
- Ovarian abnormalities
- Patent urachus
- Prematurity and dysmaturity
- Retained placenta/Placentitis
- Twinning
- Uterine artery rupture

**Behavior**

- Cribbing
- Weaving

**Multisystemic**

- Anhidrosis
- Borreliosis
- Disseminated intravascular coagulation
- Drug toxicities
- Endotoxemia
- Hyperlipidosis (donkeys)
- Insect toxicity (including blister beetles and tent caterpillars)
- Malnutrition
- Metabolic syndrome
- Moldy hay and other toxins from feed
- Neonatal septicemia
- Neoplasia
- Parasites, internal, multisystemic
- Peritonitis
- Pulmonary edema
- Snakebite
- Vesicular stomatitis (mouth, feet)

# Feline Diagnoses

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## **Cardiovascular**

- Arrhythmias
- Cardiomyopathy
- Congenital abnormalities (including patent ductus arteriosus)
- Congestive heart failure
- Hypertension
- Thromboembolic disease

## **Endocrine**

- Acromegaly
- Diabetes mellitus
- Hyperparathyroidism
- Hyperthyroidism
- Hypothyroidism
- Pituitary/adrenal neoplasia

## **Gastrointestinal/Digestive**

- Cholangitis and cholangiohepatitis
- Dental diseases (including tooth resorption)
- Exocrine pancreatic Insufficiency
- Gastrointestinal adenocarcinoma
- Gastrointestinal foreign body
- Gastrointestinal lymphoma (small cell or large cell)
- Hepatic lipidosis
- Inflammatory bowel disease
- Intussusception
- Liver shunts
- Lymphocytic plasmacytic stomatitis
- Megacolon
- Oral malignancies
- Pancreatitis
- Parasites, internal, gastrointestinal
- Periodontal disease/Gingivitis/Tooth abscesses
- Regurgitation
- Salmonellosis
- Trichobezoar

## **Hemic/Lymphatic**

- Anemia of chronic disease
- Autoimmune hemolytic anemia
- Chylothorax
- Feline infectious anemia (including *Mycoplasma haemofelis*)
- Feline panleukopenia
- Hemangioma
- Lymphoblastic leukemia
- Lymphoma
- Mast cell tumor

- Transfusion reaction

### **Integumentary**

- Abscesses
- Allergic dermatitis
- Alopecia
- Anal sac disease
- Aural hematoma
- Burns
- Cuterebriasis
- Dermatophytosis
- Ear mites
- Eosinophilic granuloma complex
- Feline acne
- Fibrosarcomas
- Flea bite dermatitis
- Food allergy
- Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA)
- Neoplasia/Neoplastic diseases
- Otitis externa
- Paraneoplastic syndrome
- Parasites, external
- Pemphigus
- Plasma cell pododermatitis
- Solar dermatitis
- Squamous cell carcinoma

### **Musculoskeletal**

- Fractures
- Hernias (umbilical, inguinal)
- Luxations
- Onychectomy
- Osteoarthritis

### **Nervous**

- Diabetic polyneuropathy/Peripheral neuropathy
- Hyperesthesia
- Otitis media
- Rabies suspect
- Seizure disorders
- Vestibular diseases

### **Respiratory**

- Asthma
- Chronic bronchitis
- Chronic sinusitis
- Cryptococciosis and other fungal respiratory diseases
- Metastatic lung disease
- Nasopharyngeal polyp
- Pneumonia

- Pyothorax
- Upper respiratory system infections

### **Special Senses**

- Cataracts
- Conjunctivitis
- Corneal diseases
- Glaucoma
- Ocular manifestations of systemic diseases
- Retinal diseases
- Uveitis

### **Urinary**

- Acute kidney failure
- Chronic kidney disease
- Feline lower urinary tract disease (FLUTD)
- Idiopathic cystitis
- Kidney lymphoma
- Polycystic kidney disease
- Pyelonephritis
- Transitional cell carcinoma
- Urethral obstructions
- Urolithiasis

### **Reproductive**

- Cryptorchidism
- Mammary adenocarcinoma
- Mammary hyperplasia
- Mastitis
- Neonatal care
- Ovarian remnant syndrome
- Pyometra
- Reproductive disorders

### **Behavior**

- Aggression
- Anxiety disorders
- Compulsive disorders
- Inappropriate elimination

### **Multisystemic**

- Acetaminophen toxicity
- Aspirin toxicity
- Bartonellosis
- Diaphragmatic hernia
- Disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC)
- Electric cord bite

- Ethylene glycol toxicity
- Feline immunodeficiency virus
- Feline infectious peritonitis
- Feline leukemia virus
- Heartworm
- Hypokalemia
- Ingestion of poisonous plants (including lilies)
- Insecticide toxicity
- Malnutrition
- Mycobacterial infections
- Obesity
- Panleukopenia
- Parasites, internal, multisystemic
- Polyphagia
- Rodenticide toxicity
- Shock
- Snake bite
- Taurine deficiency
- Toxoplasmosis
- Virulent systemic calicivirus
- Vitamin B1 (thiamine) deficiency

# Other Small Mammal Diagnoses

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## Multisystemic

### Chinchillas

- Abscesses (chinchillas)
- Bite wounds (chinchillas)
- Choke (chinchillas)
- Conjunctivitis (chinchillas)
- Dermatophytosis (chinchillas)
- Gastroenteritis (chinchillas)
- Hair rings (chinchillas)
- Heat stress/Heat stroke (chinchillas)
- Listeriosis (chinchillas)
- Malnutrition (chinchillas)
- Otitis media (chinchillas)
- Overgrown teeth (chinchillas)
- Pneumonia (chinchillas)
- Pseudomonas infection (chinchillas)

### Ferrets

- Adrenal tumor (ferrets)
- Aleutian disease (ferrets)
- Botulism (ferrets)
- Canine distemper (ferrets)
- Epizootic catarrhal enteritis (ferrets)
- Estrogen toxicity (ferrets)
- Foreign body (ferrets)
- Heat stress/Heat stroke (ferrets)
- Influenza virus (ferrets)
- Insulinoma (ferrets)
- Lymphoma (ferrets)
- Parasites, internal/external (including heartworm disease) (ferrets)
- Pneumonia (ferrets)
- Proliferative colitis (*Campylobacter*) (ferrets)
- Rabies suspect (ferrets)
- Splenomegaly (ferrets)
- Uroliths (ferrets)

### Guinea pigs

- Antibiotic dysbiosis (guinea pigs)
- Bacterial enteritis (guinea pigs)
- Bacterial pododermatitis (guinea pigs)
- Coccidiosis (guinea pigs)
- Dental malocclusion (guinea pigs)
- Dystocia (guinea pigs)
- Heat stress/Heat stroke (guinea pigs)
- Lymphadenitis (guinea pigs)
- Lymphoma (guinea pigs)

- Malnutrition (including scurvy) (guinea pigs)
- Parasites, internal (guinea pigs)
- Pneumonia (guinea pigs)
- Pregnancy toxemia (guinea pigs)
- Salmonellosis (guinea pigs)
- Streptococcosis (guinea pigs)

### **Hamsters**

- Abscesses (hamsters)
- Amyloidosis (hamsters)
- Antibiotic toxicity (hamsters)
- Demodectic mange (hamsters)
- Dental malocclusion (hamsters)
- Lymphocytic choriomeningitis (hamsters)
- Neoplasia (hamsters)
- Pneumonia (hamsters)
- Polycystic disease (hamsters)
- Proliferative ileitis (wet tail) (hamsters)
- Ringworm (hamsters)
- Salmonellosis (hamsters)

### **Primates**

- Arbovirus (yellow fever) (primates)
- Behavioral issues (primates)
- Dental disease (primates)
- Ebola virus (primates)
- Gastroenteritis (primates)
- Marburg virus (primates)
- Melioidosis (*Pseudomonas*) (primates)
- Monkey pox (primates)
- Nutrition (primates)
- Parasites, internal/external (primates)
- Pneumonia (primates)
- Rabies suspect (primates)
- Rubella (primates)
- Rubiola (primates)
- Simian AIDS (primates)
- Tuberculosis (primates)
- Viral hepatitis, A and B (primates)

### **Rabbits**

- Abscesses (rabbits)
- Antibiotic dysbiosis (rabbits)
- Coccidiosis (rabbits)
- Cuterebriasis (rabbits)
- Dental malocclusion (rabbits)
- Encephalitis (rabbits)
- Fractured lumbar spine (rabbits)
- Gastrointestinal stasis (rabbits)
- Heat stress/Heat stroke (rabbits)
- Housing/husbandry (rabbits)

- Moist dermatitis (rabbits)
- Mucoid enteritis (rabbits)
- Otoacariasis (rabbits)
- Pasteurellosis (rabbits)
- Pneumonia (rabbits)
- Salmonellosis (rabbits)
- Splay leg (rabbits)
- Tularemia (rabbits)
- Tyzzer disease (rabbits)

#### Rats/Mice

- Abscesses (rats/mice)
- Dental malocclusion (rats/mice)
- Ectromelia virus (mouse pox) (rats/mice)
- Epizootic diarrhea of infant mice (EDIM) (rats/mice)
- Mouse hepatitis virus (lethal intestinal virus of infant mice (LIVIM) - a coronavirus) (rats/mice)
- Murine mycoplasmosis (dirty rat disease) (rats/mice)
- Mycoplasmosis (rats/mice)
- Neoplasia (rats/mice)
- Parasites, external (rats/mice)
- Pneumonia (including Pneumococcus and Pasteurella) (rats/mice)
- Ring tail (rats/mice)
- Ulcerative pododermatitis (rats/mice)
- Wounds (rats/mice)

# Ovine and Caprine Diagnoses

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## **Cardiovascular**

- Atherosclerosis/Heart failure
- I onophore toxicity

## **Gastrointestinal/Digestive**

- Bloat
- Contagious ecthyma
- Enteritis (rotavirus, coronavirus, Escherichia coli, Salmonellosis, Coccidiosis, Giardia, Cryptosporidiosis)
- Enterotoxemia
- Paratuberculosis
- Rumenitis

## **Hemic/Lymphatic**

- Caseous lymphadenitis

## **Integumentary**

- Dermatophytosis
- Fly strike
- Hoof and claw disorders
- Parasites, external

## **Musculoskeletal**

- Arthritis
- Footrot
- Lameness
- Myopathy (white muscle disease)

## **Nervous**

- Listeriosis
- Polioencephalomalacia
- Rabies suspect
- Scrapie
- Tetanus

## **Respiratory**

- Ovine progressive pneumonia
- Pneumonia due to Pasteurella and Mannheimia
- Pulmonary adenomatosis
- Sinusitis secondary to dehorning
- Tuberculosis

## **Urinary**

- Urolithiasis

## **Reproductive**

- Abortion (Border disease, Cache Valley virus, Campylobacteriosis, Chlamydiosis, Enzootic abortion, Leptospirosis, Neosporosis, Q Fever (*Coxiella burnetti*), Smallenburg virus, Toxoplasmosis)
- Dystocia

- Infertility, male or female
- Mastitis
- Posthitis
- Pseudopregnancy

### **Multisystemic**

- Bluetongue
- Brucellosis
- Caprine arthritis and encephalitis
- Failure of passive transfer
- Foot and mouth disease
- Heat stroke/stress
- Hypocalcemia
- Lactic acidosis
- Malnutrition
- Neonatal septicemia
- Parasites, internal, multisystemic
- Peste des petits ruminants
- Plant toxicities
- Toxemia of pregnancy
- Vesicular stomatitis
- Vitamin and mineral deficiencies and toxicities

# Pet Bird Diagnoses

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## Endocrine

- Goiter

## Gastrointestinal/ Digestive

- Cloacal prolapse
- Crop burn
- Enteritis
- Sour crop/Impacted crop

## Integumentary

- Beak deformities (congenital and traumatic)
- Pododermatitis
- Psittacine beak and feather disease

## Musculoskeletal

- Splay leg

## Nervous

- Seizure disorders

## Respiratory

- Air sac mites
- Air sacculitis
- Sinusitis

## Urinary

- Kidney adenocarcinoma

## Reproductive

- Egg binding
- Egg-related peritonitis

## Behavior

- Behavioral disorders (including feather picking and persistent egg laying)

## Infectious

- Aspergillosis
- Avian ganglioneuritis
- Candidiasis
- Coccidioidomycosis
- Coccidiosis
- Cryptococciosis
- Giardiasis
- Histoplasmosis
- Knemidocoptes (scaly leg mite)
- Mycobacteriosis
- Mycoplasmosis
- Newcastle disease virus
- Polyomavirus
- Psittacosis
- Salmonellosis
- Trichomoniasis
- Viral encephalitis (EEE, WEE, SLE, VEE)

- West Nile virus

### **Multisystemic**

- Anaphylaxis
- Gout (articular and visceral)
- Hyperthermia
- Hypocalcemia
- Hypothermia
- Hypovitaminosis A
- Nutritional secondary hyperparathyroidism
- Pacheco disease
- Toxicosis (including lead, Teflon, plant, and zinc)

# **Porcine Diagnoses**

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## **Cardiovascular**

- Mulberry heart disease
- Valvular endocarditis

## **Gastrointestinal/Digestive**

- Ascaris suum infection
- Clostridium perfringens infection (type A, type C and Clostridium difficile)
- Coccidiosis
- Escherichia coli infection
- Gastric ulcers
- Lawsonia spp infection (porcine proliferative enteropathy)
- Parasites, internal, gastrointestinal
- Porcine epidemic diarrhea virus infection
- Rectal prolapse
- Rectal stricture
- Rotavirus infection
- Salmonellosis
- Swine dysentery (Brachyspira)
- Transmissible gastroenteritis

## **Hemic/Lymphatic**

- Iron-deficiency anemia
- Mycoplasma suis infection

## **Integumentary**

- Exudative epidermitis (*Staphylococcus hyicus*; greasy pig disease)
- Foot-and-mouth disease (and all other vesicular diseases)
- Insect bites
- Lice/Mange
- Seneca Valley virus infection
- Sunburn

## **Musculoskeletal**

- Hernias
- Lameness/Injury
- Mycoplasma hyorhinis infection
- Mycoplasma hyosynoviae arthritis
- Osteochondrosis
- Streptococcal synovitis
- Trichinosis
- Vitamin/mineral deficiency

## **Nervous**

- Edema disease (*Escherichia coli*)
- Salt toxicity
- Streptococcus suis infection

- Tiamulin/Ionophore toxicity
- Water deprivation

### **Respiratory**

- Actinobacillus suis infection
- Atrophic rhinitis
- Bordetella bronchiseptica infection
- Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae infection
- Pasteurella multocida infection
- Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome
- Swine influenza

### **Urinary**

- Cystitis

### **Reproductive**

- Brucellosis
- Dystocia
- Parvovirus infection

### **Behavior**

- Pen hierarchy dynamics of sows and finishing pigs
- Savaging of piglets
- Tail biting

### **Multisystemic**

- African swine fever
- Calcium:phosphorus imbalance/deficiency
- Circovirus infection
- Classical swine fever
- Enterovirus infection
- Erysipelas
- Foreign and regulatory diseases
- Gas toxicity
- Haemophilus parasuis infection
- Hyperthermia
- Leptospirosis
- Mycotoxin toxicity
- Pseudorabies
- Vitamin E (alpha-tocopherol)/selenium deficiency

## **Poultry Diagnoses**

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### **Musculoskeletal**

- Deep pectoral myopathy

### **Urinary**

- Visceral gout

### **Reproductive**

- Egg yolk peritonitis
- Salpingitis

### **Infectious**

- Aspergillosis
- Avian encephalomyelitis

- Avian tuberculosis
- Bordetellosis (turkey coryza)
- Botulism
- Candidiasis (thrush)
- Chlamydiosis (psittacosis/ornithosis)
- Coccidiosis
- Coronaviral enteritis (turkeys)
- Erysipelas
- Favus
- Fowl cholera (Pasteurella)
- Fowlpox
- Hemorrhagic enteritis
- Histomoniasis (turkey blackhead)
- Infectious bronchitis
- Infectious bursal disease
- Infectious coryza
- Infectious laryngotracheitis
- Influenza
- Leucocytozoonosis
- Marek disease
- Mycoplasmosis
- Newcastle disease
- Parasites, external
- Parasites, internal
- Salmonellosis
- Trichomoniasis (canker)
- Viral encephalitis (EEE, WEE, SLE, VEE)
- West Nile virus

#### **Multisystemic**

- Aflatoxicosis
- Malnutrition
- Toxicoses

# Reptile Diagnoses

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## Multisystemic

### **Chelonians**

- Abscesses (chelonians)
- Conjunctivitis (chelonians)
- Cracked shell (chelonians)
- Cystic calculi (chelonians)
- Dystocia (chelonians)
- Malnutrition (chelonians)
- Necrotic stomatitis (chelonians)
- Neoplasia (chelonians)
- Organ prolapse (chelonians)
- Parasites, internal/external (chelonians)
- Pneumonia (chelonians)
- Salmonellosis (chelonians)
- Septicemia (chelonians)
- Soft shell disease (chelonians)

### **Lizards**

- Abscesses (lizards)
- Bladder stones (lizards)
- Egg binding (lizards)
- Hind leg paralysis (lizards)
- Malnutrition (lizards)
- Mouth rot (lizards)
- Salmonellosis (lizards)
- Skin disease (lizards)

### **Snakes**

- Adenovirus (snakes)
- Blister disease (snakes)
- Cloacoliths (snakes)
- Constipation (snakes)
- Dermatitis (scale rot) (snakes)
- Dysecdysis (snakes)
- Inclusion body disease (star gazing) (snakes)
- Infectious or ulcerative stomatitis (snakes)
- Malnutrition (snakes)
- Neoplasia (snakes)
- Parasites, internal/external (including amebiasis and trichomoniasis) (snakes)
- Pneumonia (snakes)
- Retained spectacles (snakes)
- Salmonellosis (snakes)
- Septicemia (snakes)